Planning for Mental Health

Holly Jeffreys DNP APRN FNP-BC PMHNP-BC

Dean College of Nursing and Health Sciences High Plains Christian Ministries Professor or Nursing Leadership

Laura Reyher MSN RN Director Laura and Joe Street School of Nursing Baptist Community Services Professor in Rural Health

Presentation Overview

- Overview of Mental Health in the US
- Components of Mental Health
 - Psychological (Think)
 - Emotional (Feel)
 - Behavioral (Act)
- Most Common Mental Health Conditions
- Impact of Mental Health Concerns on Decision-making
- Warning Signs of Mental Illness
- Management of Mental Health Concerns

Mental Health

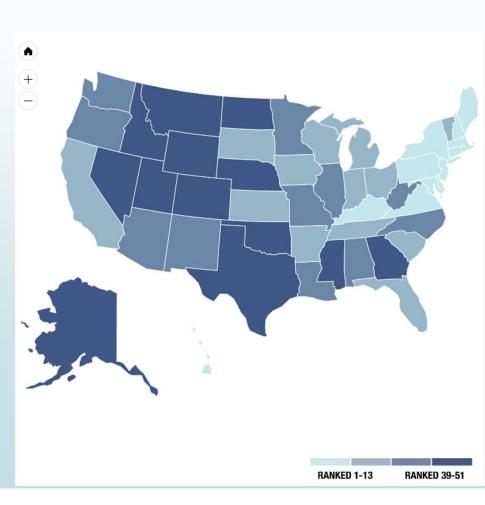
- Mental health is a state of mental well-being that enables people to cope with the stresses of life, realize their abilities, learn well and work well, and contribute to their community.
- It is an integral component of health and wellbeing that underpins our individual and collective abilities to make decisions, build relationships and shape the world we live in.

World Health Organization

https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/mental-health-strengthening-our-response

Mental Health in the United States and Texas

- 1 in 5 Americans experienced a mental illness in the last year.
- 50% of mental illness begins by age 14 and 75% begins by age 24.
- 55% of adults with mental illness are not receiving treatment (62.3% in Texas).



Most Common Mental Health Disorders

Adults

In 2023, 32.3% adults reported anxiety or depressive disorder (36.8% in Texas). Elderly

- Depression
- Dementia

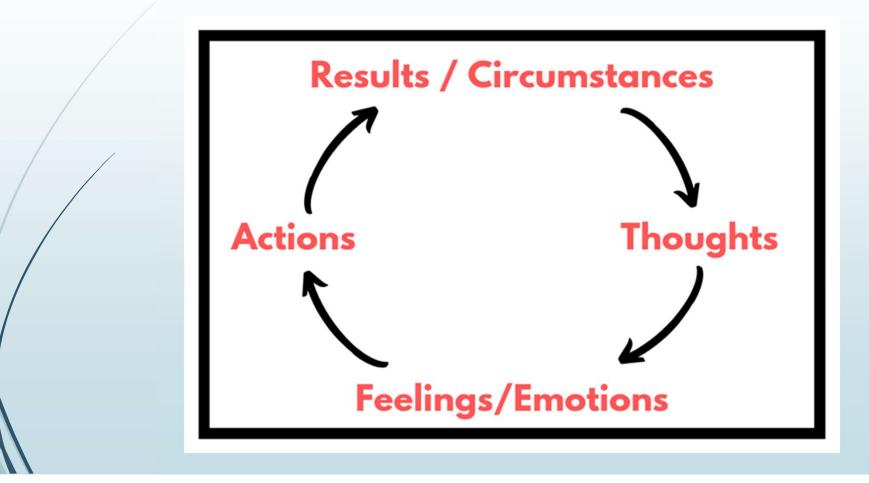
- Anxiety
- Depression
- Bipolar

Anxiety

1 in 3 seniors die with Alzheimer's or another dementia.

Men age 75 and older face the highest overall rate of suicide.





Warning Signs of Mental Illness

- Sleep or appetite changes
- Mood changes
- Withdrawal
- Drop in functioning
- Problems thinking
- Increased sensitivity

- Apathy
- Feeling disconnected
- Illogical thinking
- Nervousness
- Unusual behavior
- Changes in school or work

What do you do if warning signs are present, and you are concerned?

- How have you been feeling lately, you haven't seemed like yourself.
- I've noticed _____ and I'm concerned for you. Have you noticed it?
- There are lots of things that could be causing this, your health care provider will help figure out what's going on.
- I think it would give us both peace of mind if you talked with your provider.
- Medicare pays for an Annual wellness exam that includes a brief mental health assessment.

Talking Mental Health with Providers

- 46% report they won't bring up a problem if their provider doesn't ask
- 57% didn't know who they should talk to about their mental health concerns
- 59% are afraid of how their providers would respond if they had a mental health condition
- 63% adults didn't know how to bring it up or explain what they are feeling
- 64% didn't know if their mental health concerns were enough of a problem to mention
- 67% reported they were afraid to talk about mental health concerns or admit there was a problem
- 72% felt like they already had enough to deal with and didn't have the time or energy to deal with another illness
- 79% were nervous about what would happen if they were diagnosed with a mental health condition

The Value of Decision Aids

- Using a decision aid can help when things are not clear, and you are not sure how to help.
- A decision aid is most valuable when it is made BEFORE situations arise
- Crisis Support Plan
- Advanced Directives
 - Declaration for Mental Health Treatment (DMHT)
 - Directive to Physicians and Family or Surrogates (Living Will)
 - Medical power of attorney (MPOA)



#1 Risk factor for dementia is age

- MYTH every older person develops dementia
- BUSTED every older person does <u>NOT</u> have dementia
 - A 70-year-old may have dementia while a 90-year-old will not
 - No known cause or cure for dementia or Alzheimer's disease
 - Symptoms are NOT reversible

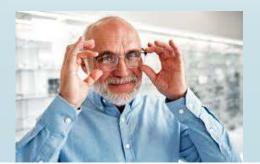
Forgetfulness – Is it a problem?

Common

- Where are my glasses?
- Where are my car keys?
 - Forgetting new or unusual names
- Walking into a room and forgetting why you came there

Problem

- Eyeglasses are in the trash
- Car keys are in the freezer
- Forgetting names of close friends or family
- Forgetting to pay routine bills
- Unexplained spending or bank withdrawals





Cognitive Decline

Delirium <u>May be reversible</u>

- Sudden confusion
- Infections sepsis, pneumonia, urinary
- Multiple medications including anesthesia
- Head injury, stroke, seizures
- Exposure to toxins (ex. carbon monoxide)

Dementia Is not reversible

- Slow decline in memory and problem-solving
- Most common dementia is Alzheimer's disease
- Problems speaking/writing
- Vision changes balance, reading, understanding
- Confusion with time, dates, seasons

Cognitive Decline & Financial Exploitation

- Definition: Person (family/caregiver) uses financial resources of a vulnerable adult under false pretenses, intimidation, or manipulation for personal gain.
 - TIPS:
 - Unusual banking activity; new credit cards
 - Names added to accounts or signature cards
 - Unusual ATM withdrawals
 - Naming a POA who the elder recently met
 - Changing names on Will, bank account, life insurance policy, or title to house/car/property
 - Involvement in financial scams; large losses of money

Do you think someone is experiencing financial exploitation?

Call Adult Protective Services

▶800-252-5400



Report online
www.txabusehotline.org



Guardianship

- Individual appointed by a court to make decisions, manage personal and financial affairs of an incapacitated person.
 - Attorney must prepare legal documents
 - ► Files a court application
 - Physician must provide a letter of medical exam
 - Assesses mental capacity to provide food, clothing, shelter, physical health, and manage finances

Less Restrictive Options

- Money management programs to pay bills, manage finances
- A representative payee receives, manages government benefits
- Designate a Financial Power of Attorney
- Surrogate decision-maker for health care decision
- Community resources home-delivered meals, transportation options, homemaker services



How to approach memory and cognitive concerns with someone?

- What is the person is doing or not doing that is causing concerns? Do others notice this?
- What can you say to this person?
 - "You haven't seemed like yourself. How have you been feeling lately?"
 - "I've noticed _____ and I'm concerned for you. Have you noticed it?"
 - "There are lots of things that could be causing this. Your health provider can help figure out what's going on. That would give us both peace of mind."
- Medicare pays for an Annual Wellness Exam that includes a cognitive assessment

Resources

- Alzheimer's Association 24/7 helpline at 800-7272-3900
- Alzheimer's Association & AARP community resource finder for local resources at <u>www.alz.og/CRF</u>
- Area Agency on Aging (Amarillo 806-331-2227)
 - Information, referrals, community resources
 - Benefits counseling information on Medicare, Prescription plans, Social security benefits, and financial assistance programs
 - Short-term homemaker assistance for adults > 60 to remain at home after a health crisis
 - Funding for home delivered meals and transportation

Optimize Brain Health

- Challenge your brain
- Engage in healthy exercises
- Eat moderately and make it colorful
- ✤ Be smoke-free
- A Control blood pressure, blood sugar
- Stay socially engaged
- Screen for hearing loss
- Review prescriptions, OTC meds, supplements, herbals for side effects
- Sleep well



Thank you!

Questions?

Holly Jeffreys

hjeffreys@wtamu.edu

Laura Reyher

Ireyher@wtamu.edu